

The first two studies were conducted in the United States and the last two in the United Kingdom. The first study was a cross-sectional survey of 1,000 U.S. adults, 500 of whom were parents of children with autism. The second study was a longitudinal study of 1,000 U.S. adults, 500 of whom were parents of children with autism. The third study was a cross-sectional survey of 1,000 U.K. adults, 500 of whom were parents of children with autism. The fourth study was a longitudinal study of 1,000 U.K. adults, 500 of whom were parents of children with autism. The results of the first two studies showed that parents of children with autism were more likely to be female, have a lower level of education, and have a lower income than parents of children without autism. The results of the last two studies showed that parents of children with autism were more likely to be female, have a lower level of education, and have a lower income than parents of children without autism.

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